

What You Need to Know About Dietary Supplements

Safety First



The most important thing to remember when thinking about supplements is that just because something is “natural” does not mean it is safe or can be taken without risk. Supplements may interact with prescription medications and cause serious problems. They can have side effects. They may also cause problems if they are taken in large amounts

or mixed with other over-the-counter products.

Do not use any supplement before talking about it with your doctor. People who should use extra caution or completely avoid taking supplements include:

- Women who are pregnant or nursing
- Women taking birth control pills
- People with kidney, liver or heart problems or certain other medical conditions
- People with HIV infection
- People taking prescription or over-the-counter medications
- Children
- People who have had organ transplants

Supplements are regulated by the Food and Drug Administration as food products rather than drugs.

Therefore they do not have to meet the same standards as prescription and over-the-counter medications for proof of safety, effectiveness, or dosage.

Published studies of supplements have found that some herbal supplements may contain different amounts of the active ingredients than their labels state. They may also contain harmful additives or contamination. Supplement labels might refer to the product’s quality being “standardized,” “certified,” or “verified.” There is no legal definition for these terms so they may not guarantee quality.



**Depression and Bipolar
Support Alliance**

We've been there. We can help.

Omega-3 Fatty Acids

Omega-3 fatty acids, which occur naturally throughout the body, are currently being studied to determine their effectiveness in treating depression and bipolar disorder. These oils, including eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) are found in shellfish, sardines, albacore tuna, salmon, canola oil, soybeans, flaxseed, walnuts, and wheat germ. They are also available in pill form.

Omega-3 fatty acids have been shown to improve heart health, immune function and a variety of other conditions in some studies. In some clinical trials of people with depression or bipolar disorder, many people improved on high doses of Omega-3 oils. Mild stomach side effects were reported by people taking Omega-3.

Herbal Supplements

Herbal supplements are made from plants. Their manufacturers claim that they treat many illnesses, including depression. However, not much research has been done to confirm their effectiveness. Two herbal supplements generally used for depression are St. John's wort and SAM-e.

St. John's wort

One of the most widely recognized herbal supplements for depression is St. John's wort (*Hypericum perforatum*). This plant and its flowers contain many chemicals, some of which are believed to be helpful.

It is not yet known how St. John's wort works in the body. One theory is that it may prevent nerve cells in the brain from reabsorbing serotonin, thereby reducing depression.

St. John's wort is prescribed in some European countries for depression, although it is not available by prescription in the U.S. Some, but not all studies have shown it to be effective in treating mild to moderate cases of depression. In studies involving people with severe depression, St. John's wort has had little or no effect.

Common side effects of St. John's wort are dry mouth, dizziness, diarrhea, nausea, fatigue and increased sensitivity to sunlight. It can also interact with other medications, including birth control pills, and affect the way the body gets rid of or metabolizes them.

SAM-e

S-Adenosyl-L-Methionine (SAM-e) was introduced in the United States in 1999, but has been widely used in some European countries for the treatment of arthritis and depression.

SAM-e is a naturally occurring and essential substance in the human body. It is most concentrated in the liver and brain. It plays an important part in regulating serotonin and dopamine in the brain, two chemicals which influence mood.

Some studies examining the effectiveness of SAM-e for the treatment of depression have found it to be more effective than placebo (sugar pills) in relieving depressive symptoms. However, compared with prescription medications commonly used to treat depression, SAM-e showed no better results. Another study involved patients with major depression who took SAM-e in addition to their prescribed antidepressants. Half of these patients showed some improvement and nearly half went into remission, no longer experiencing any symptoms.

Common side effects associated with SAM-e include nausea and constipation. As with any treatment, it's important to discuss it in detail with your doctor and *only* take the supplements under his or her supervision.

For more information

National Institutes of Health

Office of Dietary Supplements

(301) 435-2920 • www.ods.od.nih.gov

National Center for Complimentary and Alternative Medicine

www.nccam.nih.gov

National Institute of Mental Health

www.nimh.nih.gov

National Library of Medicine

www.nlm.nih.gov

Alternative Medicine Foundation

www.amfoundation.org

HerbMed Database (Alternative Medicine Foundation)

www.herbmed.org

Please help us continue our education efforts.

Yes, I want to make a difference. Enclosed is my gift of:

\$100 \$50 \$20 Other \$ _____

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ COUNTRY _____ ZIP _____

DAYTIME PHONE _____

E-MAIL _____

Check (payable to DBSA) Money order
 VISA MasterCard Discover AmEx

ACCOUNT NUMBER _____ EXPIRATION DATE _____

SIGNATURE _____

- I wish my gift to remain anonymous.
- Please send me _____ donation envelopes to share.
- Please send me information on including DBSA in my will.
- I have enclosed my company's matching gift form.
- I'd like to receive more information about mood disorders.
- Please send all correspondence in a confidential envelope.

If you would like to make your gift a Memorial or Honorary tribute, please complete the following:

- In memory of/in honor of (circle one) _____ PRINT NAME _____
- Please notify the following recipient of my gift:

RECIPIENT'S NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ COUNTRY _____ ZIP _____

Please send this form with payment to: DBSA
730 N. Franklin Street, Suite 501, Chicago, IL 60610-7224 USA

Questions? Call (800) 826-3632 or (312) 642-0049

Credit card payments may be faxed to (312) 642-7243.

Secure online donations may be made at www.DBSAAlliance.org.

DBSA is a not-for-profit 501(c)(3) Illinois corporation. All donations are tax deductible based on federal and state IRS regulations. Consult your tax advisor for details. All information is held in strict confidence and will never be shared with other organizations. **Thank you for your gift!**

HERBS



We've been there.
We can help.

**Depression and Bipolar
Support Alliance**

The Depression and Bipolar Support Alliance (DBSA) is the leading patient-directed national organization focusing on the most prevalent mental illnesses. The organization fosters an environment of understanding about the impact and management of these life-threatening illnesses by providing up-to-date, scientifically-based tools and information written in language the general public can understand. DBSA supports research to promote more timely diagnosis, develop more effective and tolerable treatments and discover a cure. The organization works to ensure that people living with mood disorders are treated equitably.

Assisted by a Scientific Advisory Board comprised of the leading researchers and clinicians in the field of mood disorders, DBSA has more than 1,000 peer-run support groups across the country. Over four million people request and receive information and assistance each year. DBSA's mission is to improve the lives of people living with mood disorders.

Depression and Bipolar Support Alliance

730 N. Franklin Street, Suite 501
Chicago, Illinois 60610-7224 USA
Phone: (800) 826-3632 or (312) 642-0049
Fax: (312) 642-7243
Website: www.DBSAAlliance.org

Visit our updated, interactive website for important information, breaking news, chapter connections, advocacy help and much more.

Production of this brochure made possible by a grant from



This brochure was reviewed by Robert N. Golden, M.D., Vice Dean of University of North Carolina School of Medicine and Ken Heideman of DBSA Boston.

DBSA does not endorse or recommend the use of any specific treatments or medications for mood disorders. For advice about specific treatments or medications, individuals should consult their physicians and/or mental health professionals.